## DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION RCRA Corrective Action

## Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name: Tyco Electronics (formerly AMP, Inc.)
Facility Address: Susquehanna Trail, Glen Rock, PA 17327

Facility EPA ID #: PAD 04 142 1223

1.	Has <b>all</b> available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, groundwater, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been <b>considered</b> in thi EI determination?					
	X If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.					
	If no - re-evaluate existing data, or					
	if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.					

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### **Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)**

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

#### **Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI**

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

## **Relationship of EI to Final Remedies**

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

#### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	Yes	<u>No</u>	?	Rationale / Key Contaminants
Groundwater	_X_			Volatile organic compounds detected in
			g	roundwater.
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>		_X_		No Record of contamination. Large depth to
				groundwater and current levels of VOCs in
				groundwater do not pose an indoor air
				concern.
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		_X_		Contaminated soil excavated.
Surface Water		_X_		No Record of contamination.
Sediment		_X_		No Record of contamination.
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)		_X_		Contaminated soil excavated.
Air (outdoors)		_X_		No Record of contamination.
<ul> <li>If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstratin that these "levels" are not exceeded.</li> <li>If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.</li> </ul>				
If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.				

#### **Rationale and Reference(s):**

**General Information:** In September 1999, AMP Inc. leased a portion of the property to M.A. Hanna, Inc. The new tenant will continue to manufacture polymers. The lease agreement between AMP Inc. and M.A. Hanna, Inc. will not interfere with the on-going remediation at the site. In early 2000, Tyco Electronics acquired the site and is now the responsible party for the on-going remediation. [Tyco (formerly Amp Inc.) Quarterly Reports 1998-2002]

**Groundwater:** In mid-1984, the facility initiated an investigation to sample and analyze groundwater monitoring wells. Results of the groundwater investigation from November 1984 through September 1988 indicated the presence of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in the groundwater beneath the site. The investigation also concluded that migration of the contaminated groundwater had occurred from the Manufacturing Building.

Since the initial investigation, the facility has undertaken remedial measures to remove groundwater and soil contamination at the site. The facility has excavated and removed contaminated soil. Since 1985, the facility has implemented a pump-and-treat system to remediate the groundwater. At present, the facility continues to monitor and remediate groundwater contaminants to achieve Maximum Concentration Levels (MCLs), concentration levels defined by EPA to protect human health for drinking water. As a result of the facility's commitment to clean the site, the areas of groundwater contamination have reduced significantly. The former 24-acre groundwater plume has decreased to less than 0.75 acres. The groundwater plume is contained within the facility's property line. [Tyco (formerly Amp Inc.) Quarterly Reports 1998-2002]

## The following are the most recent groundwater data at the facility:

# Groundwater Analytical Data Results Tyco - Glen Rock, PA Fourth Quarter Year 2001

Well ID	1,1,1-TCA	1,1,2-TCA	TCE	Total VOCs	VOC Running Avg.	Initial VOC Conc.	Long-Term Change (%)
MCL	200	5.0	5.0				
AMP-2	1.6	12	4.8	22.7	20.9	1,461	-98.6
MW02	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0	20	-100.0
MW-4L (POC)	ND	8.1	1.0	10.1	9.55	548	-98.3
MW-5	ND	ND	1.1	1.1	0.28	33.5	-99.2
MW-6	ND	ND	1.0	1.0	0.25	5.8	-95.7
MW_8	ND	4.6	1.4	6.0	5.13	116	-95.6
MW-10 (POC)	ND	1.5	ND	1.5	0.68	110	-99.4
MW-12	ND	16	ND	16	17.5	574	-97.0
MW-13	1.0	7.6	ND	10.1	9.05	83	-89.1
MW-14	1.3	4.7	3.8	12.5	14.3	91	-84.2
MW-15	4.6	20	5.1	35	28.7	105	-72.5
R-1	ND	5.1	1.2	6.3	4.13	510	-99.2
R-2	1.0	3.6	1.3	5.9	3.13	76.8	-95.9
R-3	1.6	11.0	2.0	15.7	12.8	595	-97.9
R-4	1.1	4.4	2.0	8.9	6.58	168	-96.1
R-5B (POC)	1.9	74	4.2	82.9	77.4	595	-87.0
R-6B	ND	18	2.2	68	72.8	696	-89.5
R-7	ND	11	1.4	12.4	9.7	631	-98.5
Larkin Field (POC)	1.5	1.8	1.4	5.7	3.43	56	-93.9

#### Notes:

Bold and shading indicates concentration greater than MCL.

MCL - EPA Safe Drinking Water Act Maximum Contaminant Level

ND - Not Detected above reporting limits

#### POC - Point of Compliance

- (1) Total VOCs do not include concentrations of confirmed/suspected laboratory contaminants.
- (2) Running average calculated from four most recent sample results.
- (3) Long-term change calculated using running average from onset of sampling (ranging from 1984 to 1989) to present.
- (4) Wells sampled semi-annually during 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters.

**Surface and Subsurface Soil:** As part of the remediation, the facility excavated the contaminated soil to meet Region 3 risk-based levels, which are protective of human health and the environment. [Tyco (formerly Amp Inc.) Quarterly Reports 1998-2002]

**Surface Water, Sediment, and Outdoor Air:** No record of contamination. The groundwater plume is contained onsite and does not deposit or discharge to any nearby sediment area and surface water bodies. During the years of operation, the facility installed emission control equipment to minimize air emissions and therefore, outdoor air does pose a concern. [Tyco (formerly Amp Inc.) Quarterly Reports 1998-2002]

**Indoor Air:** No record of contamination. Due to the large depth to groundwater (100-200 ft.) and the low levels of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) detected underneath the buildings, the potential of groundwater VOCs volatilization infusion to the above buildings does not pose a human health risk. [Tyco (formerly Amp Inc.) Quarterly Reports 1998-2002]

#### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

<sup>2</sup>Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

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3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

## **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**

Potential **<u>Human Receptors</u>** (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day-Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	$Food^3$
Groundwater	_No_	_No	No_	_No_		_No	
Air (indoors)							
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)							
Surface Water							
Sediment							
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)							
Air (outdoors)							

Instructions for **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**:

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated") as identified in #2 above.
- 2. enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("\_\_\_"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.

X	If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - skip
	to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-
	place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each
	contaminated medium (e.g., use optional <u>Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet</u> to analyze major pathways).
	If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation.
	If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code

**Rationale and Reference(s):** Since the initial investigation, the facility has undertaken remedial measures to remove groundwater contamination at the site. Since 1985, the facility has implemented a pump-and-treat system to remediate the groundwater.

Presently, the facility continues to monitor and remediate groundwater contaminants to achieve Maximum Concentration Levels (MCLs). As a result of the facility's commitment to clean the site, the areas of groundwater contamination have reduced significantly. The former 24-acre groundwater plume has reduced to less than 0.75 acres. The groundwater plume is contained within the facility's property line. [Tyco (formerly Amp Inc.) Quarterly Reports 1998-2002]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

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4.	Can the <b>exposures</b> from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be " <b>significant</b> " (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?						
		If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."					
		If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."					
	Rationale and Re	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code ference(s):					
	Rationale and Re	ference(s):					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

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5.	Can the "signific	Can the "significant" <b>exposures</b> (identified in #4) be shown to be within <b>acceptable</b> limits?					
		If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).					
		If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")-continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.					
		If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code					
	Rationale and Re	ference(s):					

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6.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):								
	_X	YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control" at the <b>Tyco Electronics (formerly AMP, Inc.)</b> facility, <b>EPA ID # PAD 04 142 1223</b> , located at <b>Susquehanna Trail, Glen Rock, PA 17327</b> under current and reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be reevaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.							
		NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."							
		IN - More information is needed to make a determination.							
	Completed by	(signature) (print) Khai M. Dao (title) Remedial Project Manager	_ Date _	07/03/02					
	Supervisor	(signature) (print) Paul Gotthold (title) PA Operations Branch Chief (EPA Region or State) EPA, Region 3	_ Date 	07/03/02					

## Locations where References may be found:

US EPA Region III Waste and Chemical Mgmt. Division 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

## **Contact telephone and e-mail numbers:**

EPA Contact Khai M. Dao (215) 814-5467 dao.khai@epa.gov

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES ELIS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.